

## 1.1 Overview

This section provides a brief architectural overview of the DMTF CIM-XML WBEM and the IETF SNMP alert mechanisms.

### 1.1.1 CIM Indication Overview

#### CIM Indication Architecture

In the OpenPegasus architecture, there are three key components associated with the generation and delivery of Indications: the Indication Provider, the CIMOM (CIM Object Manager) and the Indication Handler.

- ❑ The Indication Provider is responsible for the generation of the Indication.
- ❑ The CIMOM is responsible for any required post-generation processing and for routing the Indication to the appropriate Indication Handlers.
- ❑ An Indication Handler is responsible for the mapping, encoding and transport of the CIM Indication over the requested format and protocol.

## CIM Indication Architecture Overview

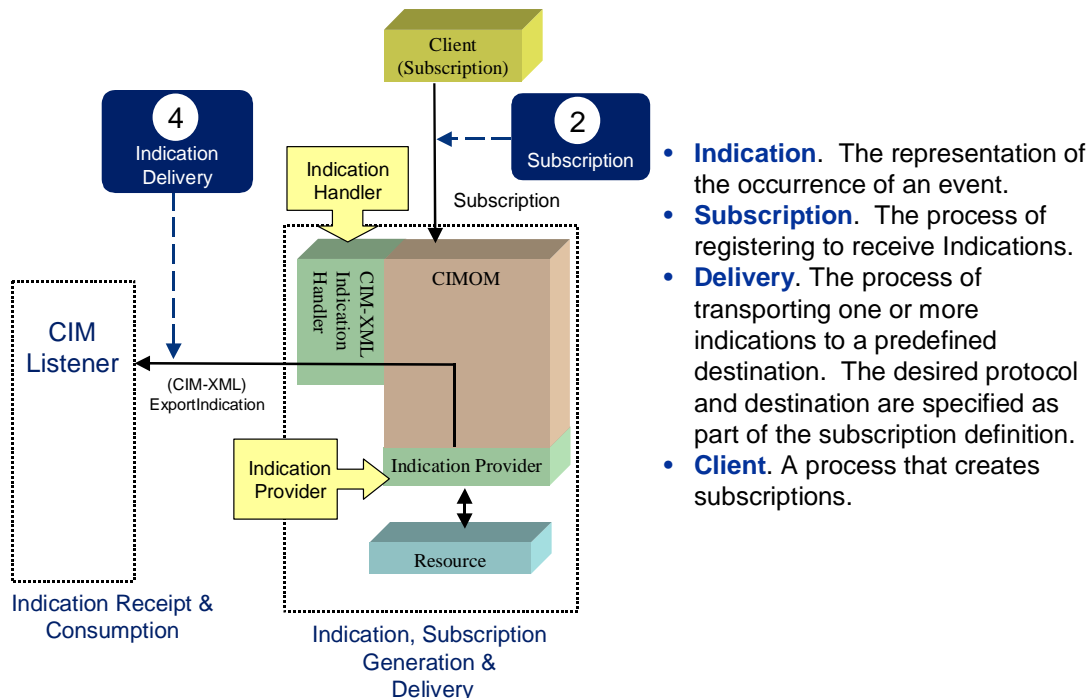


Figure 1 - CIM Indication Overview

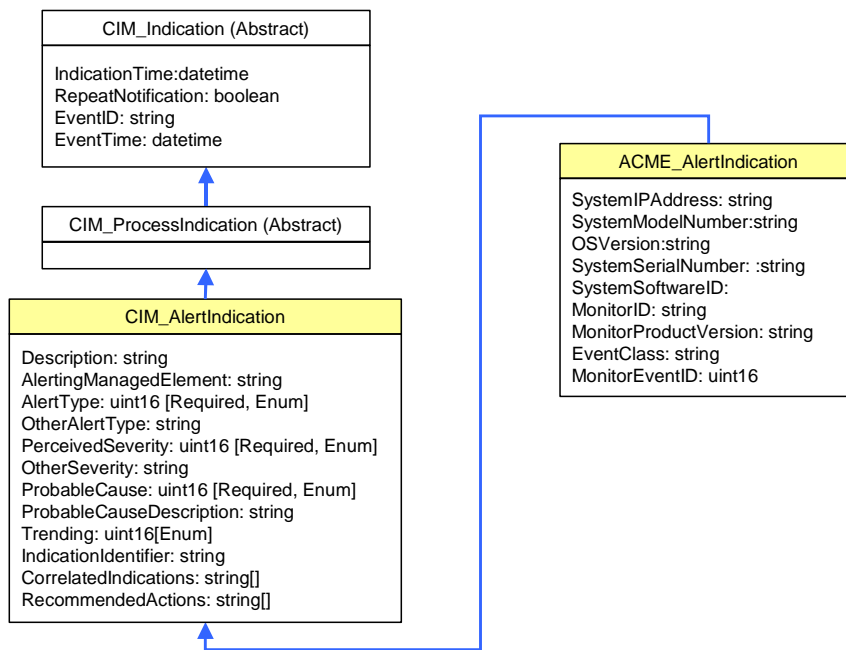
## CIM Indication Definition

Under CIM, Indications are instances of Indication classes. The DMTF has defined an initial set of Indication classes. Vendors can extend the model to include new types of Indications. Indication class definitions capture the semantics of the Indication data and, as a general rule, are designed to be independent of the format and protocol used to deliver the Indication. See, for example, the ACME-defined extension of CIM\_AlertIndication in the following figure.

## CIM Indication Architecture

### Alert Indication Schema (v2.7)

**What's Available**



**Figure 2 - CIM Alert Indication Schema with Vendor Extensions**

## CIM Indication Subscriptions

Clients register to receive Indications by defining subscriptions (i.e., creating instances of the CIM\_IndicationSubscription class). A CIM\_IndicationSubscription is an association between an instance of the CIM\_IndicationFilter class and an instance of the CIM\_IndicationHandler class.

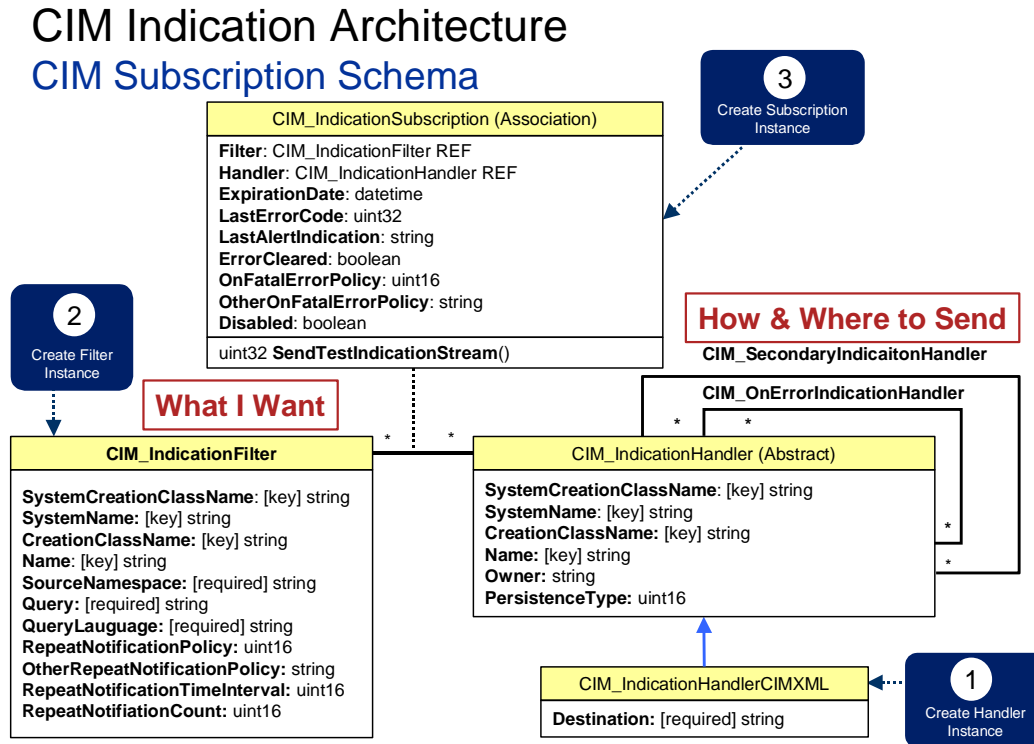


Figure 3 CIM Subscription Schema

A CIM\_IndicationFilter instance describes the type of Indications to be sent. E.g., the following filter condition defines the set of all “critical (6)” ACME alerts. The FROM clause contains the name of the Indication class.

```

SELECT *
FROM ACME_ALERTINDICATION
WHERE PerceivedSeverity = 6
  
```

A CIM\_IndicationHandler instance describes the destination, format and protocol to be used to send the Indication. As part of the CIM 2.7 Event Schema, the DMTF has defined a single type of Indication Handler, CIM\_IndicationHandlerCIMXML. This Indication Handler is used to send Indications using the DMTF CIM-XML WBEM Standard.

## CIM Indication Operation Flow

The following figure shows the high-level flow of Indication operations, starting with the registration of the Indication Provider and ending with the delivery of an Indication.

### CIM Indication Architecture Operation Flow

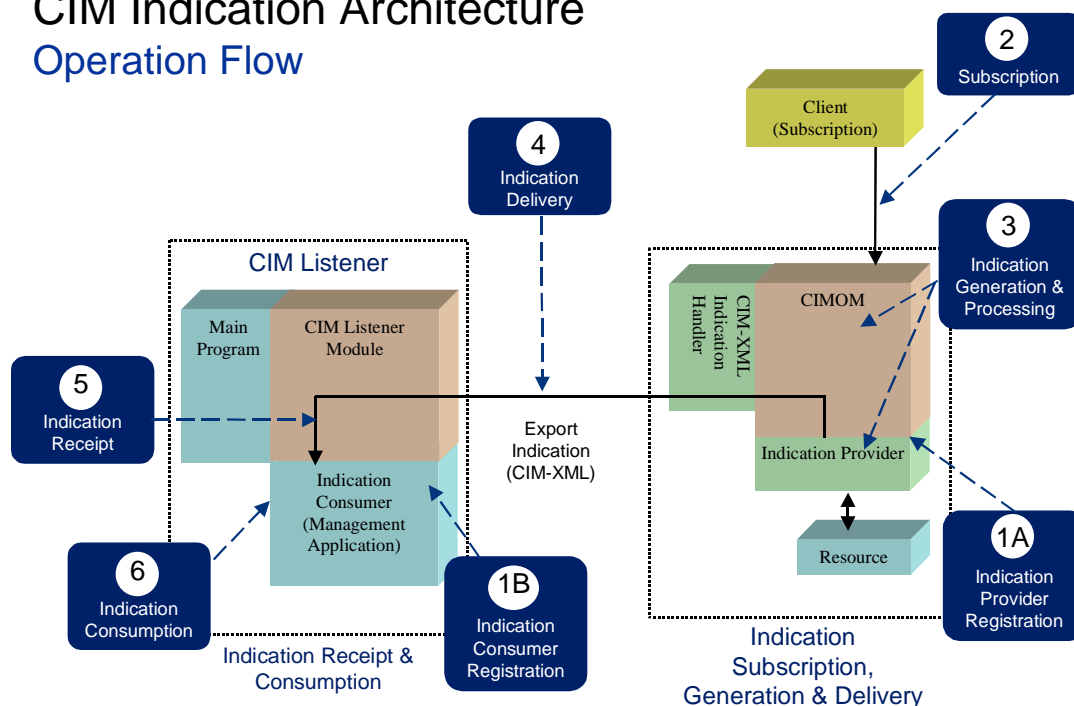


Figure 4 CIM Indication Operation Flow

### 1.1.2 SNMP Trap Overview

#### SNMP Trap Architecture

In SNMP, a trap is used to inform a management application of the occurrence of an event of interest.

### SNMP Trap Architecture Overview

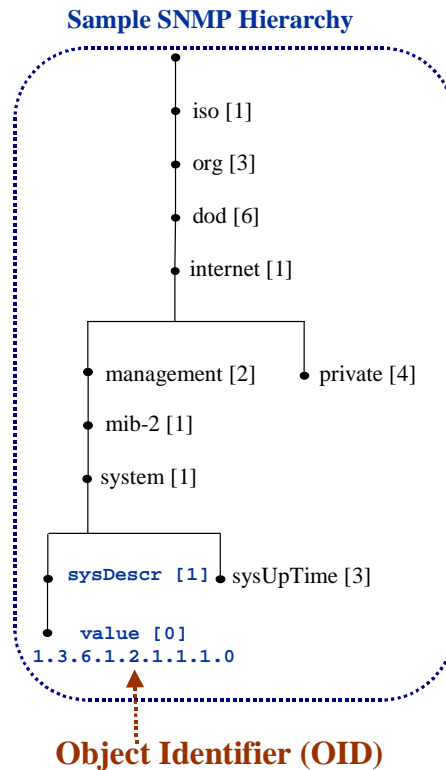
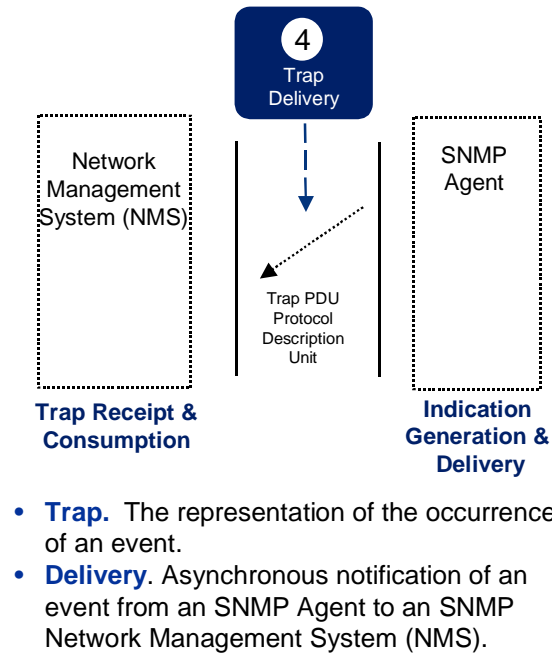


Figure 5 SNMP Trap Architecture